Homological Methods in Commutative Algebra Problem Set 1

Throughout, all rings all commutative and noetherian, and all modules are finitely generated.

Problem 1. Write the Koszul complex on 3 elements f_1, f_2, f_3 .

Problem 2. Let I be a proper nonzero ideal in noetherian local ring R. Show that

$$\beta_i(I) = \beta_{i+1}(R/I)$$

for all $i \ge 0$. In particular, note that I has finite projective dimension if and only if R/I has finite projective dimension.

Problem 3. Check that if M is a free module over a domain, then rank M is the free rank of M.

Problem 4. Let R be a domain. Show that if M is a finitely generated module with finite projective dimension, then

$$\sum_{i=0}^{\operatorname{pdim}(M)} (-1)^i \beta_i(M) = \operatorname{rank}(M).$$

Problem 5. Show that if I is a proper nonzero ideal of finite projective dimension in a noetherian local domain R, then

$$\sum_{i=0}^{\text{pdim}(R/I)} (-1)^i \beta_i(R/I) = 0.$$

Problem 6. Let (Q, \mathfrak{m}) be a regular local ring, R = Q/I with $I \subseteq \mathfrak{m}$ a nonzero ideal in R, and let M be a finitely generated R-module. Show that for any finite free resolution F for M over Q,

$$\sum_{i \ge 0} \operatorname{rank} F_{2i} = \sum_{i \ge 0} \operatorname{rank} F_{2i+1}.$$

Problem 7. Show that

 $\beta_i(M) = \operatorname{rank} \Omega_i(M) + \operatorname{rank} \Omega_{i+1}(M).$

Problem 8. Let $Q = k[\![x, y, z, w]\!]$, I = (xy, yz, zw), and M = Q/I.

- a) Find pdim(M) without writing the minimal free resolution for M.
- b) Find the betti numbers of M without writing the minimal free resolution for M.
- c) Find the minimal free resolution for M.
- d) Check your work with Macaulay2.

Problem 9. Let M be a finitely generated R-module. Assume that either (R, \mathfrak{m}, k) is a noetherian local ring or that R is a standard graded finitely generated algebra over a field $k = R_0$, in which case M is graded.

a) Show that

 $\beta_i(M) = \dim_k \operatorname{Tor}_i^R(M, k) = \dim_k \operatorname{Ext}_R^i(M, k).$

b) In the graded case, show that

$$\beta_{i,j}(M) = \dim_k \operatorname{Tor}_i^R(M,k)_j = \dim_k \operatorname{Ext}_R^i(M,k)_{-j}.$$

Problem 10. Let R be a noetherian local ring and let M and N be finitely generated R-modules. Show that for all $i \ge 1$,

$$\operatorname{Tor}_{i+1}^R(M, N) \cong \operatorname{Tor}_i^R(\Omega_1 M, N).$$

Problem 11. Let R be a regular local ring. Show that for all prime ideals P, the localization R_P is a regular local ring.

Problem 12. Show that $\beta_2(R/I)$ can be arbitrarily large for 3-generated ideals. More precisely, show that for all $N \ge 1$ there exists d and an ideal I = (f, g, h) in $R = k[x_1, \ldots, x_d]$ such that $\beta_2(R/I) \ge N$.

Problem 13. Let $M \neq 0$ be a finitely generated module over a noetherian local ring, and let $p = pdim(M) < \infty$. Show that

$$\beta_i(M) \geqslant \begin{cases} 2i+1 & \text{if } i < p-1\\ p & \text{if } i = p-1\\ 1 & \text{if } i = p. \end{cases}$$

Problem 14. Let $I \neq R$ be a radical ideal in a regular ring R, and set

$$c := \max\{\operatorname{height} P \mid P \in \operatorname{Min}(I)\}$$

Show that for all i,

$$\beta_i(R/I) \ge \binom{c}{i}.$$

Problem 15. Let R be a noetherian local domain and consider an R-module homomorphism $g: \mathbb{R}^a \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^b$. Show that if g is injective, then $a \leq b$.

Problem 16. Let k be a field and consider an exact sequence of k-vector spaces $A \longrightarrow B \longrightarrow C$. Show that

$$\dim_k B \leqslant \dim_k A + \dim_k C.$$

Problem 17. Let Q be a regular local ring and $0 \neq f \in \mathfrak{m}$. Show that Q/(f) is a regular ring if and only if $f \notin \mathfrak{m}^2$.

Problem 18. Let *I* be a nonzero proper ideal in a noetherian domain *R* and let f_1, \ldots, f_c be a maximal regular sequence inside *I*. Consider the short exact sequence

$$0 \longrightarrow N \longrightarrow R/(f_1, \dots, f_c) \xrightarrow{\pi} R/I \longrightarrow 0$$

where π is the canonical quotient map.

- a) Show that $\operatorname{Ext}_{R}^{c-1}(N, R) = 0.$
- b) Show that the induced map

$$\pi^* = \operatorname{Ext}_R^c(\pi, R) \colon \operatorname{Ext}_R^c(R/I, R) \longrightarrow \operatorname{Ext}_R^c(R/(f_1, \dots, f_c), R)$$

is nonzero.

Homological Methods in Commutative Algebra Problem Set 2

Throughout, all rings all commutative and noetherian, and all modules are finitely generated.

Problem 19. Let $Q = k[\![x, y]\!]$, $I = (x^2, xy)$, and R = Q/I.

- a) Write the first 3 steps to construct a minimal model for R over Q.
- b) Write the first 3 steps to construct an acyclic closure for k over R.

Problem 20. Let (R, \mathfrak{m}, k) be any noetherian local ring of dimension d. Show that

$$\beta_i(k) \ge \binom{d}{i}.$$

Problem 21. Let R be a noetherian local ring and P a prime ideal in R. Show that if R is a complete intersection, then so is R_P .

Problem 22. Show that if R is a complete intersection of codimension c, then every finitely generated R-module has complexity at most c.

Problem 23. Let Q be a regular local ring and let R = Q/I with I minimally generated by $\underline{f} = f_1, \ldots, f_n$. Let F be a free resolution of R over Q that has a structure of a DG algebra. Let e_1, \ldots, e_n be a basis for F_1 with $\partial(e_i) = f_i$. Show that we get a system of higher homotopies $\{\sigma_{\omega}\}$ for f on F by setting

$$\sigma_{\mathbf{e}_i}(-) = e_i \cdot -$$
 and $\sigma_{\omega}(u) = 0$ for all $|\omega| \ge 2$.

Problem 24. Let (R, \mathfrak{m}, k) be a noetherian local ring and let F be a complex of finitely generated free R-modules, not necessarily bounded on either side.

- a) Show that if f is a regular element on R, then F is exact if and only if $F \otimes_R R/(f)$ is exact.
- b) Show that if f is a regular sequence, then F is exact if and only if $F \otimes_R R/(f)$ is exact.
- c) Show that if R is regular, then F is exact if and only if $F \otimes_R R/\mathfrak{m}$.

Problem 25. Show that if R is a complete intersection of codimension c, then every finitely generated R-module has complexity at most c.

Problem 26. Let (R, \mathfrak{m}, k) be a noetherian local ring and let F be a free resolution for the finitely generated R-module M, not necessarily finite. Let $\underline{f} = f_1, \ldots, f_n \in \operatorname{ann}_R(M)$. Show that there exists a system of higher homotopies for f on F.

Problem 27. Let (R, \mathfrak{m}, k) be a noetherian local ring and let F be a free resolution for the finitely generated R-module M, not necessarily finite. Let $\{\sigma_{\omega}\}$ is a system of higher homotopies for $\underline{f} = f_1, \ldots, f_n$ on F. Show that for all $a_1, \ldots, a_n \in R$ not all zero, the maps

$$\sigma_i := \sum_{|\omega|=i} a_1^{\omega_1} \cdots a_n^{\omega_n} \sigma_\omega$$

form a system of higher homotopies for $a_1f_1 + \cdots + a_nf_n$ on F.