## Problem Set 2

**Problem 1.** Let *I* be an ideal with no embedded primes in a noetherian ring *R*. Show that there exists an ideal *J*, which we can take to be principal, such that  $I^{(n)} = (I^n : J^\infty)$  for all  $n \ge 1$ .

**Problem 2.** Let  $R = \mathbb{Q}[x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4]$ , and consider the ideal *I* you can define in Macaulay2 as follows:

M = matrix{{0,-x\_1,-x\_3,x\_2,-x\_1,x\_4,-x\_3},{x\_1,0,-x\_3,x\_2,x\_1,-x\_4,-x\_1}, {x\_3,x\_3,0,0,-x\_3,x\_1,x\_4},{-x\_2,-x\_2,0,0,-x\_4,x\_2,0}, {x\_1,-x\_1,x\_3,x\_4,0,-x\_3,x\_1},{-x\_4,x\_4,-x\_1,-x\_2,x\_3,0,x\_2},{x\_3,x\_1,x\_4,0,-x\_1,x\_2,0}} I = pfaffians(6,M)

Using only the packages that come preloaded with Macaulay2, compute  $I^{(2)}$  and  $I^{(3)}$ . Is  $I^{(2)} = I^2$ ? Is  $I^{(3)} = I^3$ ?

**Problem 3.** Find all the symbolic powers of I = (6) in  $\mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{-5}]$ .

**Problem 4.** Let x be a regular element in a ring R, meaning that  $xa = 0 \implies a = 0$ .

- a) Show that  $(x^n : x^{n-1}) = (x)$  for all  $n \ge 1$ .
- b) Show that  $Ass(x^n) = Ass(x)$  for all  $n \ge 1$ .

**Problem 5.** Let  $R = k[x, y, z]/(xy - z^c)$  where k is a field and  $c \ge 2$ , and let P = (x, z).

- a) Show that  $(x^n)$  is a primary ideal for all  $n \ge 1$ . What is its radical?
- b) Prove that  $P^{(cn)} = (x^n)$  for all  $n \ge 1$ .
- c) Prove that  $P^{(n)} \neq P^n$  for all  $n \ge 2$ .

Problem 6. Height and dimension.

- a) Given any field k, find the height of J = (ab, bc, cd, ad) in R = k[a, b, c, d] and dim(R/J).
- b) Find the dimension of the ring  $S = \mathbb{Q}[x^3y^3, x^3y^2z, x^2z^3] \subseteq \mathbb{Q}[x, y, z].$
- c) Let I be the defining ideal of the curve parametrized by  $(t^{13}, t^{42}, t^{73})$  over  $\mathbb{Q}$ . Find the height of I, and notice that height(I) <  $\mu(I)$ .
- d) Let  $R = \mathbb{Q}[x, y, z]$ , and  $I = (x^3, x^2y, x^2z, xyz)$ . Find the dimension of R/I and the height of I.
- e) Find the dimension of the module  $I/I^2$ , where I = (xz) in  $R = \mathbb{C}[x, y, z]/(xy, yz)$ .

**Problem 7.** Let k be any field.

- a) Is  $x^2, xy, y^2$  a regular sequence on  $\mathbb{Q}[x^2, xy, y^2]$ ?
- b) Is  $x^3 yz, y^2 xz, z^2 x^2y$  a regular sequence on k[x, y, z]? (Hint: you can use Example 2.4.)
- c) What is the maximal possible length of a regular sequence on  $R = k[[x, y]]/(x^2, xy)$ ?
- d) Let  $R = k[x, y]/(x^2, xy)$ . Find a regular sequence on M = R/(x) of maximal possible length.